

Hip Evaluation Report

Report Date: 7/9/2013

Reference #: 907804

Radiography Date: 5/15/2013

Practice #: 42548

Date Received: 7/9/2013

PennHIP Member:
 BRANDON HARMON
 BIG SKY ANIMAL MEDICAL CENTER
 5101 N STAR BLVD
 GREAT FALLS, MT 59405
 UNITED STATES

Owner:
 DAWNA MILLER
 PO BOX 265
 CARTER, MT 59420-0265
 UNITED STATES

ANIMAL

PM'S BLUE RIVER FIRST GUINNESS (GUS)

Reg. #: SR72679709

CANINE / WEIMARANER

Microchip:

Date of Birth: 4/26/2012 Sex: M Weight: 71 lbs. Age: 13 mo.

Tattoo:

RESULTS

		Distraction Index (DI)	Other Findings
LEFT	Distraction Index (DI)	0.21	DI is less than or equal to 0.30, with no radiographic evidence of DJD.
	Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD)	None	
	Cavitation	No	
	Other Findings	Not Applicable	
RIGHT	Distraction Index (DI)	0.20	DI is less than or equal to 0.30, with no radiographic evidence of DJD.
	Degenerative Joint Disease (DJD)	None	
	Cavitation	No	
	Other Findings	Not Applicable	

Please note that the PennHIP DI is a measure of hip joint laxity, it does not allude to a "passing" or "failing" hip score.

LAXITY PROFILE RANKING

The laxity profile ranking is based on the hip with the greater laxity (DI). This interpretation is based on a cross-section of 519 CANINE animals of the WEIMARANER breed. The median DI for this group is 0.38.

Percentiles									
90th	80th	70th	60th	50th	40th	30th	20th	10th	
> 90th				Median					< 10th



The chart above indicates the ranking of your animal's passive hip laxity (DI) in relation to all CANINE animals of the WEIMARANER breed in our database. This result means that 1) your animal's hips are tighter than over 90% of the animals in this group, and 2) your animal's hip laxity is in the tighter half of the laxity profile. Breed-specific evaluations are analyzed semi-annually. Consequently, the average laxity and range of laxity for any given group will change over time.

PennHIP does not make specific breeding recommendations. Selection of sire and dam for mating is the decision of the breeder.

NOTE: As a minimum breeding criterion, we propose that breeding stock be selected from the population of animals having hip laxity in the tighter half of the breed (to the left of the median mark on the graph). Higher selection pressure equates to more rapid expected genetic change per generation.

By implementing selection based on passive hip laxity, we expect the breed average DI over the years to move toward tighter hip configuration, meaning lower hip dysplasia susceptibility. The PennHIP database permits scientific adjustment of criteria to reflect these shifts; the average laxity and range of laxity for a particular breed will change over time.